Dispatch

T-D WANT ADS. SAVE TIME.

THE TIMES, FOUNDED 1886.

WHOLE NUMBER 16,422.

RICHMOND, VA., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1908.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY'S NEWS

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thuraday: Virginia—Fuir, continued cold Wednesday; Thuraday partly cloudy, not so cold; light northwest winds, becoming varia-

tion; fresh north to northwest winds.

Cool and pleasant weather provaited all say yesterday, and the mercury came fown near the freezing point. It was deal ante-Christmas weather, and the process were crowded all day.

TE OF THE THERMOMETER,

temperature yesterday temperature yesterday emperature yesterday temperature for December ... re from normal temperature atton during past 24 hours

Richmond.

adds important amendments to Barksdale pure elections bill and or ders it engrossed-Fight begins on the t engrossed—Fight begins on survey bill—Measure to apt 10,000 for a State building at believe the survey of the state building at the survey of the survey o

Virginia.

Virginia.

Trohey faction in Norfolk mate of on the Day faction for a review a primary election to laily effects and of the Day faction for a review a primary election tally effects and the property of the last state of the last

North Carolina.

man makes quick work of a thief, who covered him with a pstol—Mill owner, while on a trip to inspect big tract of timber lands, loses two mills by fire—reight wreck on Atlantic and North Carolina; one brakesman killed and another hurt; engine crew stick to locomotive and are not seriously hurt.

General.

General.

Dealings in stocks small except in one or two issues, and pileos fell below level of day before, and close was bury steady at the recession—Attorney Levision of the government of the government in presentation of the government with the following the presentation of the government with the first of subjects, including under the declivery and reciprocity with Canada are descussed in House—Serait of the first of severnment of the government of the first of the

ANOTHER SOUP KITCHEN AT METHODIST INSTITUTE

There will be another soup kitchen at the Methodist Institute again this year, provided the charitably disposed will help make up the small fund necessary.

"Yes, I propose to open the soup kitchen again this winter, and will, of course, bu governed as to the amount given out by what comes in," said Mr. Wiley, the superintendent of the Methodist Mission.

"Last winter we put out about 3,000 quarts and want to increase the quantity this year, if we can to 5,000 quarts,

"I have never attempted any charity that I have been more pleased with, because it saved the fuel of the poor and gave them a better food than they could make themselves. We were careful to distribute the tickets through reliable workers. Of course, we had no thought of denominational lines in the distribution of the tickets. This is true of all the work we do at our mission. The soup we make is from good beef, cabbage, potatoes, to-matoes, etc."

ADVERTISE STATE OF **VIRGINIA**

The Real Estate Men Form an Association.

MANY STIRRING ADDRESSES MADE

Governor Montague Struck a Responsive Chord in His Audience.

LEADING MEN ARE **ELECTED AS OFFICERS**

The Work Completed Last Night and an Adjournment Taken Until February-The Names

of Those Who Are Enrolled as Mem-

ginia Real Estate Association" had its be-

If the commendable movement started part of the zeal and enthusiasm, which characterized the sessions of yesterday success of the organization as power in the material development of the

need of such an association in the State Agriculture, by representatives of lead-

In the afternoon the practical work o organization was undertaken with such success that the organization starts ou er of the movement and paturally one of lottesville, one of the most successful agents in the State. The gentlemen closely associated with Mr. Blbb in for of Palmyra, is chairman of the Legislaas men who carry every movement to success with which they are associated.

The Morning Session.

morning session was called to ord in one of the assembly rooms of the mex of Murphy's Hotel by Mr. Blbb, a few m'nutes after 11 o'clock. Judge Shepherd was made temporary chairman and Colonel Cary R. Randolph temporary secretary. The attendance at this time

worn home-seeker to the sheltering arms of the Mother of States and Statesmen. We of the Charlottesville delegation come from a section of the State where well night every rock and rill, every vale and hill, is fragrant with history. Under the shadow of a spreading oak, a short distance from my home, was once seen talking Thomas Jofferson, James Madison, James Monree, Chief Justice Marshall and Andrew Stevenson—surely a group of men whose grand intellects recalls the expression, "There were giants in those days."

We should have a motto for our organization, and I suggest that it be "Send out the truth," and it will prove the light to guide many restless homeseckers to peaceful and happy homes.

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

SHORT IN ACCOUNTS HE KILLS HIMSELF

Trusted Cashier Greets Bank Examiner and Then Puts End to His Own Life.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Dec. 15 .- After unannounced to examine his accounts, Asa C Bushnell, cashier of the Yale National Bank, in this city went into the basement of the bank to-day and shot himself, death ensuing soon after.

A statement given out by Edwin Greeley, president of the bank, and by John T. Manson, the vice-president, this afternoon said that an investigation of the books indicated that the cashier was indebted to the bank for between \$12,000 and \$15,000, and that he had been speculating in stocks to a limited extent.

Prosident Greeley said that Bushnell had been with the bank twenty-one years and that he was the last man who would have been suspected of speculation, as his personal habits seemed to be above reproach and free from extravagance.

KNOX ENDS MASTERLY ARGUMENT

Arraigns Northern Secuities Comp'y in Court.

IS MENACE TO FREE GOVERNMENT

Trans-Missouri and Joint Traffic Cases Cited by Attorney-General.

GREAT INTEREST IN THE SPEECHES

The Court-Room Crowded With Lawyers and Others, Who Listen With Closest Attention to the Argument of the Attorney-General.

Argument in the Northern Securities case preme Court to-day, and again the courters interested in the case.

almost immediately after the court came in, and resumed his argument at the point at which he left off when court adjourned restorday. He delcared that by the union of the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern in the Northern Securities Company, two competing interstate railroads

pany, two competing interstate railroads have been brought into such relations that their independence, as competitive factors in interstate commerce, is destroyed. The thing that has been done was declared illegal, he said, when brought about by the methods pursued in the Joint Traffic and Trans-Missouri cases. These were cases of contracts or agreements between independent and competing lines of railroad for the regulation of traffic charges. The government charged that these agreements restrained interstate commerce, and this court sustained that copiention.

Position Stated.

Position Stated. Position Stated.

The Attorney-General said that it was not his intention to reargue any of the propositions settled by the Trans-Missouri and Joint Traffic cases, but do what he could to show their applications to the facts of this case. He, however, made the following statement of the questions settled by the court in those cases:

"First-That to shut out the operation of the general law of competition between competing interstate railroads is to restrain interstate commerce.

"Second-That to bring the operations of two or more competing interstate railroads under the control of a single body shuts out the operation of the general law of competition and constitutes a restraint upon interstate commerce.

forbid any management or combination among companies competing for interstate commerce which restrains commerce among the States by shutting out the operation of the general law of competition

tion.
"Fourth—That in order to maintain a suft the government is not obliged to show an intent to restrain commerce, if such restraint is the natural and necessary such restraint is the natural and necessary

Testimony Conclusive.

He then said: "The testimeny shows conclusively, I think, that as a matter of fact and law, the thing which these gentlemen did was to create a combinacifically prohibited by the act of Congress, if it restrained interstate commerce; and also that the Northern Securities Comapny was formed for the purpose of taking over the control of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific Railroads, and actually took over the control, and with that control absolute power over both roads, the thing which your bonors have said constitutes such restraint under circumstances, substantially the same as those of this case."

Mr. Knox discussed the end accomplished by the merger of the railroad interests, saying: "The device resorted to in this case, if sustained, defents the policy of the law, as it accomplished and more in the way of enectual destruction of composition than was accomplished in the Trans-Missouri and Joint Traffic cases. You may call it a merger, a combination, a pool, a conspiracy, a consolidation, a contract, a securities company, or what you like. The thing it accomplishes is not varied by a variation in name or manner of bringing it about." The great object of Congress was to declare a policy against which no arrangement could stand by which the partes fully equipped themselves with the power to defeat its purpose.

Competition Destroyed.

He declared that the power to suppress composition had been exercised. He asgress, if it restrained interstate con

Competition Destroyed.

He declared that the power to suppress competition had been exercised. He asserted that they executed that power and actually suppressed and destroyed competition the moment they parted with the legal title to their segregated holdings and vested them in the Northern Securities Company. This, he contended, actually destroyed competition between the two roads, and in support of this statement he luid down the following general proposition:

"To be competition there must be competitors in discrent interests."

"Any act which eliminates the competitors or unifies the interests destroys competition.

"There is na competition where the net results of operation goes into a common purse.

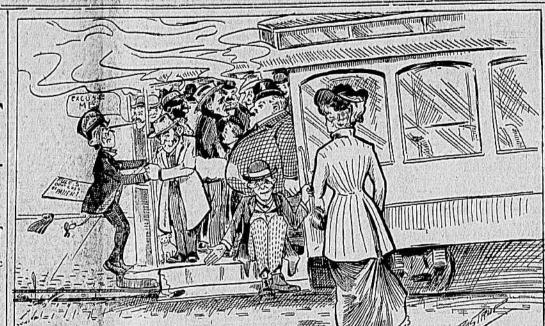
"There may be rivalry between the dif-

results of operation goes into a common purse.

"There may be rivalry between the different departments or agencies as to which will contribute the most to the common fund, as to which is the most seconomically administered or operated, but so long as all are interested in the operations of each by sharing a fixed proportion of a common fund, unaffected by the proportion contributed by each, there is no competition."

Summing Up.
Mr. Knox then summed up his points

Continued on Second Page)



A LITTLE FICTION AND MUCH FACT.

REMARKABLE DISCOVERY

Professor Mallory Thinks He Has Found Cause of Scarlet Fever at Last

PROTOZOA FOUND IN SKIN

Interesting Paper Read Before the Boston Society of Medical Sciences.

Boston Society of Medical Sciences held fessor of pathology, read a paper on scar four cases of the disease which died in the eruptive stage, he had found a serie of bodies which closely resembled the vathe malarial fever, of which three dislevelop in the blood. Here they pass through, however, only an a sexual deresemble the different satges of the sexual development of the malarial organ, but do not live in the blood. In-stead they live in the epithelial cells of the skin and tongue.

Like the malarial parasites they multi-

been proved.

CHEMICAL, COMMON, MUCH TALKED OF

Rise of Eight Points in a Few Days Exciting Everybody's Curiosity.

Owners of chemical stock, common dealers in stocks, and that far larger class of citizens who are interested in the success of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, as an institution pri marily of Virginia, have been greatly in-

chemical Company, as an insertify interested in a recent rise of the common stock from 20 to 23 on yesterdity. Of course, many are inquiring the reason for this steady increase in values, but so far no satisfactory response has been received. Suggestions widely differing have been made. None seem to be conclusive. Many are inclined to believe that the unusually fine business the Chemical Company is doing now has much to do with it. That this has some bearing and some influence, if not a great deal there is no doubt.

As many know, the Chemical Company has a large floating debt, which must be provided for. What means will be adopted to meet this are unknown. It is talked about, however, that the plan proposed is of such a nature that the holders of common stock will derive benefit therefrom. Whatever may be the cause, the fact is exceedingly interesting, and is excelling much pleasant comment.

MARINES SUFFICIENT

unless in the meantime it is learned that a considerable force of Colombian troops are to attack Panama. In the latter event, the protection of the republic could be best accomplished by the army and troops would supplant the marines. It may be stated, however, that this government does not expect such an emergency to arise at present and has prepared to retain the present force of marines in isthmian waters until after the ratification of the canal treaty.

IMPORTANT BILLS INTRODUCED IN HOUSE (By Associated Press.)

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.4 Representative Williams of Mississippi, introduced the following bills to-day:
To put upon the free list when coming from countries which permit identical products of ours to enter free, hides of all animals, leating of all sorts, boots, shoes, saddles and harness.

To prevent individuals, or corporations engaged in interstate commerce from making it a condition of the sale of their products that the purchaser shall not sell or deal in the products of any other persons, firms or corporations.

persons, firms or corporations.

To prevent the over issue of stock by corporations or combinations of corporations, and defining such over issue as "public cheating," Requiring the payment of interest on public funds deposited with

CUT IN WAGES OF THOUSANDS OF MEN

CONNELLSVILLE, PA., Dec. 15 .-CONNELESVILLE, PA., Dec. 15.—A reduction in wages averaging 17 per cent, and affecting thirty 'thousand men in the Connelisville coke regions, was announced 'to-day 'The H. C. Frick Coke Company takes the initiative in this, the first, reduction since the great strike of the early nineties, and to-day posted notice at all their plants announcing the reductions. Simultaneously with the announcement of a reduction in wages, the Union Supply Company, the owner of all the company stores at the plants of the I'rick and allied companies, announced a general cut in the price of goods.

PLEASURE YACHT WRECKED IN GALE

HIS LONG LIFE WAS FULL OF INCIDENT

GBy Associated Press.)

JOHNSON CITY, TENN., Dec. 15.—
Major William H. Garland, aged ninetyfour years, is dead at the National Soldicrs' Home here. He had shaken hands
with overy President of the United States
except Washington. He was on the navel
cudet detail that welcomed Lafayette on
the second visit to America in 1824, and
he at one time conversed with Napoleon
on the island of St. Helena, Major Garland's wife and children were drowned
in the Evansville (Ind.) flood in 1884, He
was for many years a Baptist minister.

BOY KILLED BY

(By Associated Press.)
ATLANTA, GA., December 15.—Fred
Bradshaw, a fourteen-year-old boy, was
shot and instantly killed in a suburb today by Jas. Dean, a sixteen-year-old companion, with whom he had been hunting.
Dean, who was taken in custody by the
police, claims that the shooling was accidental, and that Bradshaw had received
the shot intended for a bird. It is understood that the boys were friends.

WERE RESCUED BY

PASSING COAST STEAMER

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YOLK, December 15.—A private telegram received here to-day stated that T. Jonkins Italias, son of General Peter C. Hains, United States army, who, with his wife and one sallor, was en route to the Bahamas in a thirty-foot sloop, was caught in a heavy gale off the coast of Georgia yesterday. The sloop capsized, but Mr. and Mrs. Hains were picked up by a coast steamer and landed at Brunswick, Ga. The fate of the sallor is unknown.

JUDGES GET **MORE MONEY**

Salaries Ordinance Concurred in by the Board of Alder-

QUESTION OF BOND ISSUE

President Turpin Submits Some Warm Remarks and Board Passes Resolution.

the session of the Board of Aldermen

dent Turpin on the bond issue question, in which he took strong ground for the dollar now in the sinking fund, for meetpared and read to the Board.

tee to borrow the entire amount neces

Another feature of the session was the fight over the ordinance increasing the salaries of the four city judges. It was made by President Turpin, but the majority after many efforts succeeded in having the ordinance concurred in. It now goes to the Mayor for his approval. The ordinance fixes the salaries of the four the four city of the four city for city for the four city for the four city for c city judges at \$4.000 instead of \$3,200 each as at present.

A number of other ordinances of more

ments.

The ordinance raising the salary of the janitor of the Chancery Court \$14 per month was concurred in, as was a resolution to refer the application of Superintendent Henry Cohn, of the street cleaning department, for increased salary to the Health Committee for information. The body also concurred in an ordinance allowing the Bijou Theatre Company to erect a fire escape on their building at Eighth and Broad Streets.

The ordinance appropriating \$3,500 to the gas department from the contingent fund was concurred in, as were a large pumber of others of less interest. That to give \$2,000 for coal for the relief of the poor received the unnimous en-

(Continued on Third Page.)

HIS COMPANION WILL ASK MINERS TO ACCEPT A CUT

Coal Operators Hope to Stimulate Trade by Decreasing the Price of the Fuel.

(By Associated Press.)

CLEVELAND, OHIO, December 15 .-The two days' conference of Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia coal operators adjourned this afternoon to meet again, probably in this city, next Tuesday or Wednesday. At the adjourned meeting, it is understood, more definite plans will be formulated to be presented to a joint conference at Indianapolis in January. It is said to be the intention of the operators to ask the miners to accept a

MARINES SUFFICIENT
FOR PRESENT PURPOSE

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 15.—Regarding the various reports about the dispatch of troops to the Isthmuss of Panama, the Associated Press is enabled to make this statement:
"Until the Senate shall have ratified the Hay-Bunau-Varilla treaty the administration will look to the marines to protect the Isthmus and keep order there.

SPEYER & CO. ARE
THE ONLY BIDDERS

(By Associated Press.)
(By Associa

BARKSDALE BILL WAS **AMENDED**

Pay Speakers and Make Party Contributions.

BAYLOR SURVEY BILL UNDER FIRE

Senator C. Harding Walker Opened His Batteries on it Yesterday.

THE DEBATE IS TO BE CONTINUED TO-DAY

Arguments Adduced Why Such an Important Matter Shall Not be Acted Upon Hastily-The House Passes Bill for State Building at St. Louis Exposition.

Senate held but one session, giving place to a very important meeting of the Committee for Courts of Justice in the afternoon. The House had another doubleheader session, sitting for nearly six

session was consumed in the debate over lic Jordan-Cardwell oyster bill. But one

speech was made, Mr. Walker, of Westnoreland, advocating the report of the
committee, and the dismissal of the Jordan bill in a speech of an hour and ahalf, after which the Senate adjourned
until to-day.

The House ordered the bill, fixing the
terms and times of Circuit Courts to its
sugressment after refusing to reduce the
number of court terms allotted to Princess Anne county by the committee. The
bill was ordered to engressment substantially as passed.

The Senate.

Not only was the visitors' section filled, but the seats of many of the members were shared by members of the House and distinguished visitors.

Among those on the floor of the Senate were Congressman Cartor Glass, State Treasurer Harman, Rev. A. E. Dickinson, D. D., Capitain John A. Curtis, former member of the State Board of Fishacries; Judge A. Brown Evans, of Middlesex; Mr. Henry M. Tyler, member of the State Board of Fishacries; Judge A. Brown Evans, of Middlesex; Mr. Henry M. Tyler, member of the State Board of Fishacries; ex-Senator R. E. Boykin, of Smithfield; ox-Delegates E. C. Madison, of Warwick; Delegate E. C. Jordan, author of the pending bill; Delegates Cardwoll, S. Wilkins Mathews, Hearmans, Edwards, Walter Jordan, Nottingham and others. There were also many ladies present.

A number of House bills were reported to the Senate by the Committee for Counties, Cities and Towns, Committee for Counties, Cities and Towns, Committee for Counts of Justice, and others, and were placed on the calendar. Some of these were afterwards taken up and passed, but these were local bills, to which there was no objection.

After the routina business of the morning hour, Mr. Anderson, of Richmond, offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the previous question be oldered on House bill 437 (the cyster bill) at 1:20 Jp. M. Wednesday, December 18th. VOLUME OF BUSINESS.

Mr. Anderson explained that he did not desire to cut of debate against the wish of any member, but was impelled to offer the resolution by a realization of the vast volume of imperative legislation, demanding the attention of the Senate, and the limited time before the end of the session, and desired merely to expedite action on the measure pending in order that these important matters be disposed of.

Mr. Scars, of Mathews, suggested that the pending bill be indefinitely postponed, It was unfulr to the opponents of a measure of this important matters be disposed of the session, and desired merely to expedite action on the measure pending in order